THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON.

VOLUME XV, NEW SERIES. WASHINGTON CITY, SATURDAY, D. C. JUNE 19, 1852. No. XI. *Whole Number* MCCCXI

THE HUNTRESS

Edited and Published every Saturday,

BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

At TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM

At the corner of North B. and Second Streets

CAPITOL HILL.

WASHINGTON, CITY D.C.

SATURDAY JUNE 19. ::::1852

From the Carpet-Bag.

A NIGHT OF TERROR:

OR, THE SECRETS AND MYSTERIES OF THE BLACK ART UNFOLDED.

BY TERRIBLE HORRIBLE SMITH, A. S. S.

'How now you secret black, and midnight hags?
What is't you do?'—Macbeth, Act 4: Scene 2.

'Twas on a bleak, gloomy night in the month of December, that I was called by business into a certain part of Hagely, known as Factory Square. Returning late, at about 11 P. M., the night being pitchy dark, I with great difficulty groped my way along the streets. After having proceeded slowly thus for some time, I began to congratulate myself on being nearly home. All on a sudden a terrific peal of thunder burst from above and rolled over my head, immediately the rain began to fall in torrents. Being a timid, feeble man, I took the opportunity to step into a recess that presented itself near. Suddenly the cry 'Mad dog!' burst upon my ear. Being as I said before, a very timid man, I in my bewilderment and terror, rushed on, I knew not whither. After ascending the second flight of stairs and traversing, as I thought, an endless number of halls and passages, my sight was suddenly arrested by a faint stream of light, issuing from a small crevice.—Creeping nearer, I discovered it to proceed from a key hole. With a beating heart I cautiously opened the door, and what a sight was presented to my view!

In a low, dark, damp room, *or cave*, lighted by a few feeble lamps, I found myself. At one end of the room stood three figures, swaying rapidly *back* and forth, and standing in front of a mysterious looking piece of furniture, in shape resembling the roof of a miniature Gothic cottage, split lengthwise, from end to end and placed on legs. The first of the three was a wan, haggard looking figure, with bushy black hair and whiskers, and a prominent nose. Mechanically he swayed himself to and fro. In his left hand he held a massive piece of iron, while with his right he continually kept picking up bits of some dark material and placing them in the iron: Mournful sight!

The next figure was a stiff, pompous personage, with an eternal scowl on his face, and a white neckerchief and upright collar. He too kept swinging back and forth, stiffly, like a musician's timebeater.

The next was a lad, apparently of sixteen, with a brutish, sensual look, coarse sandy hair, dirty hands and face, slovenly air, and altogether a disgusting sight.—He also swayed back and forth.

There they stood, those three figures, each with a massive iron in his hand, each swaying mournfully hither and thither, seemingly keeping time to some funeral wail, or dead march (quick time) each picking away at the miniature roofs, with his fingers bloody dark, and each with his eyes immovably fixed on the roof before him.

Sickened and disgusted, my eyes turned from them, and rested on a melancholy personage seated on a desk, his long bony fingers thrust through his dishevelled hair his eyes glaring like balls of fire, his right hand holding a pen, which shot across the paper with lightning speed. And my eyes then wandered to the other end of the room, *or cave*, but it was darkness entire. I know not how many miles it stretched, but I could observe a solitary dusky figure, winding, like a spectre, hither and thither.

Entering, I crouched in fear in a dark, obscure corner, my heart beating with terrible speed; so silently I did it that no sound was heard from me. I had entered but they knew it not. I was an observer of their acts, but was unsuspected.

'Holloo!' a voice sounded along the room, *or cave*.

'Mercy!' I silently ejaculated, 'can it be that I am heard?'

The voice proceeded. 'Mr. Miseration, what is that *devil* up to out there?'

'What!' thought I, 'can it be that I am in a cave of demons? It must be so, else how can there be devils here?'

Looking, I saw that the voice proceeded from the stiff gentleman.

'I know not,' responded in a grum, hollow voice, the figure at the table, without ceasing his employment.

'Say fellow! what are you doing there!'

I started. 'Nothing,' burst from my lips, though softly.

'What did he say, Mr. Miseration!'

'I know not,' again said the hollow voice. A sound of stunning power resounded through the cave, *or room*.

'Hallo!' a feeble voice was borne on the still air, in reply.

'Hellooooo!'

'Come here sir!'

'Coming right along,' from the other end of the room. Footsteps were heard advancing, and soon a kid of meagre size, with a greasy cap on his head appeared, holding in his hand a lamp.

'What are you doing down there!'

'Picking up the pi.'

Poor fellow, thought I, he is very hungry I suppose. My hand instinctively wandered to my coat pocket, where I knew there was a cracker.

'Well sir, you needn't mind the pi now. Just take that broken metal and throw it into ——!' My pen utterly refuses to write where he said.

'Yes sir,' said the demon,

I shuddered at the manner in which this wicked talk was delivered, and manfully replaced the cracker in my pocket. As I did so, abstractedly muttered—'what wickeddess and sin do I behold!'

CHAPTER II.

Who's there i' the other devils name!'
Macbeth, Act 2, Scene 3.

'Who spoke!' said the beastly looking lad. Each and every one of the figures ceased its motion,

'Did you hear any one Jack!'

'Well I did.'

'Bring me that shooting-stick Dev.'

'Now thought I, 'my time has come.' I preppred nobly to meet death. 'He will shoot me. I resign myself to my fate.'

I closed my eyes and waited the report. None came. I heard a hammering, and opening my eyes, the black haired gentleman was driving a nail in the wall For a long time nothing more occurred: At the end of that time Miseration arose from his seat; put on a hat and overcoat, and approached the door near which I was crouched. I trembled lest he should brush against me, and moved farther off.

'What was that,' he exclaimed. 'Proceed this way all hands. Devil, transport hither the sheep's foot—Jack take that broom—Mr. Muffle mind your eye: Bush seize the wash basin—there are robbers here.'

All was commotion. My hair arose, my blood congealed, my knees quaked—I seized them, lest they should crack together and the concussion be heard. My throbbing head seemed ready to burst—I clapped my hands unto it to hell it together, lest, bursting the report should be heard. I felt an icy hand laid on my shoulder, another on the other—another seized me by the hair—Jack in his bounteful courage, seized the broom and 'stood afar off,' and the demon, devil, or what not seized me by the nose, and thus I was dragged along. I knew I was led to destruction. I repeated a prayer—a door was opened—I felt the chilly wind blowing upon me—they bore me to the edge of the precipice, and hurled me with demoniac violence into the abyss. Something swung against me—I seized it it was a depending chain—I lowered myself to the end, and felt I was safe. But oh horror, the thought flashed across my mind—I had left my hat above—it was gone forever: I regained my home 'in silence and sadness,' impressed with the belief that there was recklessness in the world.

TYPO, JR.

Reader—if you havn't guessed it already, the individual was in a printing office, and the strange terms he heard were the technicalities of all such precincts. EDS. C. B.

☞The N. Y. Herald is informed by the officers of the Dutch frigate Prince of Orange that the Emperor of Japan has strongly fortified every part of his coast, and has a body of well equipped soldiers ready to give the American expedition under Commodore Perry a warm greeting. The Dutch officers all think our force despatched to that quarter is utterly inadeoute to the task of forcing an entry into the city of Jeddo.

☞ AN Irishman being charged with stealing a wagon, swore he had it ever since it was a wheelbarrow.

☞ A Yankee has taken out a patent for leather tanned with the bark of a dog.

Never laugh at those who do not as well as you. They may know a great deal more than you do.

If Noah had lived until now, would he not have built another ark in April, say.

A PRECOCIOUS CHEEL

A short time since a juvenile offender was brought before one of the Glosgow bailies, who after reading a lecture to the lad, put the following interrogatory:

'Where did you learn so much wickedness?'

The youth, personifying innocence, with an inquiring look, replied—

'Do ye ken the pumpswell in Glassford street?'

'No,' said the bailie,

'Weel, then, do ye ken the pump-well in the Biggate?'

'Oh, yes, said the bailie,

'Weel, then,' rejoined the accused, 'ye may gang there and pump as laug as ye like, for I'm hanged if ye pump me,'

LAME AND LAZY.

A FABLE.

Two beggars, Lame and Lazy, were in want of bread. One leaned on his crutch the other reclined on his couch.

Lame called on Charity and humbly asked for a cracker. Instead of a cracker he received a loaf.

Lazy, seeing the gift of Charity, exclaimed,

'What, ask a cracker and receive a loaf? well, I will ask for a loaf, and I shall expect a loaf of bread, or, if I ask a biscuit, she will give me a batch of bread.'

Lazy now applied to Charity, and called for a loaf of bread. 'Your demanding a loaf' said Charity, 'proves you a loafer. You are of that class and character who ask and receive not, you ask amiss.

Lazy, who always found fault, not fortune, and had rather whine than work, complained of ill treatment, and even accused Charity of a breach of an exceeding great and precious promise—Ask and you shall receive.'

Charity pointed him to a painting in her room, which presented to his vision three personages, Faith, Hope, and Charity. Charity appeared larger and fairer than her sister.

He noticed her right hand held a pot of honey which fed a bee, disabled, having lost its wings. Her left hand was armed with a whip to keep off the drones.

'Don't understand it,' said Lazy.

Charity replied. 'It means that Charity feeds the lame and flogs the lazy.

Lazy turned to go. 'Stop,' said Charity, 'Instead of Coin I will give you Counsel. Do not go and live on your poor mother, for I will send you to a Rich Ant.'

'Rich ant?' echoed Lazy. 'Where shall I find her?'

'You will find her in Proverbs, 9th chap. 6th verse.'

MORAL.

Instead of waiting and wishing a rich *Uncle* to die, go and see how a rich *Ant* lives.

A. G. E.

From the Carpet Bag.

HANS SNEIFER AND THE INDIANS.

BY DICK DASHALL.

Among the emigrants to California in the year '49, was a worthy son of 'Fatherland' whom we shall designate as Hans Sneifer. On a certain occasion, Hans being tired of the daily routine of hog and hard bread, had resolved to obtain some more savory viaud, and taking a rifle, started out in search of game. He had proceeded a few miles from the trail, when he espied a band of buffaloes grazing in the distance, Excited by the prospects of a good dinner, he pushed rapidly forward, when he suddenly discovered a band of Pawnees, evidently bent on the same purpose with himself. Now Hans had heard dreaulul stories of massacre and scalping by the merciless savages, and was of course brought to a momentary standstill. But for fear that we may be accused of embellishment, we will let Hans tell his own story,

'Vell, ven I first see the red shkins, I thought I would shtop a little, and see vot dey make dere all de vile. So I shtopt and peept out behint shome sthones, and dere dey was, schneaking a'ong, and sceneaking along shoost like wolfs. Aha! tinks I, ven you don't see me den I goes back again. So I schtarts down de hill and valks pooty blamebt fast, and got back most to de trail, ven I look a roundt, and, ees, dey comest shoost like a and den looks a.oundt agoin, and all de ingens was pooty closhe, den I valks agin and looks arounde, and dey was chlosher still. So I tinks Hans, you've got in a blamebt schrape, and I valked along, tinking, and by'me by I got so tam mad I run shoost same like a tog.'

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Please read the following statements:

A daughter of Mr. John Britton, No. 28 Commerce street, Newark, N. J., whose eyes had been exceedingly sore for *eighteen months*, was cured by the use of *one box* of AM. EYE SALAE.

Hiram Gove, of Soutd Adams, Mass., says "*I gave a box to a boy who had been afflicted with sore eyes for* THREE YEARS *and it cured him.*" The balance of the dozen are all gone, and several have spoken to me for some. Can you send me a quantity by Express?

S. S. Buffum, of Uniontown, Ill., last fall purchased a dozen, and writes—*It has long been sold, and every ox effected a cure.*

John Miller, of Millersburg, Ky., writes—"My father has suffered greatly for *forty years with Chronic Inflammation of the Eyes, and has been entirely cured by using* AM. EYE SALVE.'

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Takes this method to inform the citizens and strangers, that he has now a complete and general assortment of Musical Instruments, and musical merchandize, consisting of Guitars of the finest tone and finish. Violins, imitations from the old masters; together with a large assortment of Accordeons, Flutinos Flutes, Fifes, Violin Bows, Banjos, Tambourines, &c.

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NEW MEMBERS OF THE THIRTY-SECOND U. S. CONGRESS.

House of Representatives.

Hon. Bernhart Henn,

Mr. H. is a new member of the Thirty-second Congress from Iowa, and comes in the room of Hon. Daniel F. Miller. Mr. H. is one of the youngest men in Congress—he is a light agile figure, above the common height, without pretending to be accurate, as he was seated.* His face is remarkably fair and smooth, with delicate features of the finest grecian mould;—wearing his hat we lost the pleasure of coming over the locality of his thinking powers or understanding, or what you please, we mean his forehead. His fine dark eye however, is remarkably keen, cool and intelligent, and denotes genius and discernment. His chaste brow serene and studious, seems absorbed in quiet thought, and betokens meekness and evenness of temper. His classic countenance bland and innocent as the dove itself, bespeaks integrity and benevolence. His manners are modest and unassuming. As we said he is young, but very promising.

* Some correspondent of the 'Metropolitan' said something about "Mrs. Royall's stereotype," alluding to our personal descriptions. A female doubtless, a man would have been above such meanness. Let envy alone and it will punish itself.

Hon. Daniel Mace.

Mr. M. is a new member of the Thirty-comes in the place of Hon. Joseph E. McDonald. Mr. M. is likewise a young man, in the prime and vigor of life, rather tall, of common size, with an agile form of singular elegance and proportion. His hair is black as the raven—his face is oval of the medium shade, and becomingly full, defused with a rich carnation glow. His fine massive forehead is of the grecian contour, smooth and placid, and bespeaks strong mental powers. His cool collected brow denotes firmness of purpose and gentleness of temper, His 'don't care' hazel eye is full, cool and steady, and bears the impress of a master's hand: clear, calm and decided; it denotes the repose of a quiet mind, His countenance is staid, modest and intelligent, with all the backwoods frankness and good nature of his State.

Hon. James Johnson.

Col. J. is a new member of the Thirty second Congress from Georgia, and comes in the room of Hon. M. J. Wellborn. He is another of Georgia's brightest sons, tall and genteelly formed, with every embellishment that adorns the species. His polished manners—his manly features, and open countenance, has that appearance which interest the feelings at first sight. His face is oval, of proper fulness and the medium shade, somewhat grecian about the chin, with a delicate roseate bloom, mingled with traces of the sun. His hair is black and beautiful, and shades a magnificent forehead. This finest feature of his face (excepting the eye) is stamped with magnanimity and that unflinching independence that fears no foe and dares be just. His elevated brow bespeaks a noble nature, and a vivid temper. But his hazel eye out rivals all the rest—it has a brilliancy and vivacity that denotes genius, and streams with human kindness, while the true heart which is never subdued may be read in its every glance. His countenance is open, bland and ingenuous, and denotes erudition and general information. In his manners Col. J. has all the suavity and imposing affability of his own Georgia.

And last though not least

Hon. William Cullom.

Gen. C, is a new member of the Thirty Second U. S. Congress from Tennessee, and comes in the room of Hon. Andrew Ewing.

Approaching a century in years it may be supposed we have seen many gentlemen in our day distinguished for personal elegance and grandeur of mien. But with the exception of Gen. Lawson perhaps, of the Revolutionary army, we have never to our recollection, met with any one to surpass Gen. Cullom in personal appearance: He is six feet two inches in height, and proportionably made, erect and graceful, with rounding limbs of the finest mould. His face is oval and fair, of the medium fulness, with features of the most perfect symmetry, and the most captivating expression. His noble eye is a dark grey or blue, it is full and brilliant, and sheds a halo over his splendid features. Including his open ingenuous countenance and his frank manners, all rich with every trait of that gentleness and suavity which distinguishes man from the brute, Tennessee may well be proud of him.

Miss Sarah E. Bates.

This accomplished young lady who is from Indiana, honored us with a call a few evenings since, accompanied by the amiable Mrs. Wood, and her charming young friend (and our favorite) Miss Abel from Boston, the latter is about making up a school, and shall have our hearty concurrence.

We had intended to say more of this party, especially Miss B, but have been dangerously ill, But our greatest misfortune was being absent when that Idol of our heart, *La Marquise de St Angelo*, called at our house. We have looked in vain for news of her in all the papers, and now (though alive and well) to think we were so near the full gratification of our feelings.

CHURCH AND STATE AND THE PRESIDENCY.

From the N. O. Picayune.

[Quite a roundabout way to hear from Philadelphia.]

[Correspondence of the Picayune.]

Philadelphia, May 23, 1852.

The waters of our political Bethesda have been unpleasantly agitated during the past week by the Fillmore wing of the Whig party in this city. The delegates to the Baltimore Convention had already been chosen, and they had been instructed to 'go their death for Scott.' The 'Silver Greys,' to use a Gothamite phrase, were silenced, if not satisfied, and everything betokened harmony and tranquility, when a cloud made its appearance above the horizon, and gave indications of an approaching storm. A call for a mass meeting of the friends of Fillmore made its appearance. This step the Whig press generally denounced as ill-timed, and stigmatized its agitators as factionists and disorganisers. In spite of these adimanversions, the meeting took place last night at the Chinese Museum: the vast hall was crowded. The custom house and post office were well represented. Very little zeal was evinced though, and whatever show of feeling was exhibited was, in the main, evidently gotten up for the occasion. The officers of the meeting, and the individuals who addressed it, were generally men well known and respected in the community and popular with the party: But they stood in the position of a disorganizing faction, and consequently received but little sympathy from the mass of the Whigs.

The speakers told some wholesome though unpalatable truths respecting the real state of affairs. It was conceded, they urged, that no candidate could receive the support of the South unless his position was clearly defined on the subject of the compromise measures, and without this support the idea of success in the campaign was preposterous. Gen. Scott, they contended, was silent upon these great questions, and strongly suspected of opposition to them—while Mr. Fillmore was committed, pledged to their support, popular throughout the country, and consequently the most available man who could be selected. It is gratifying to see a disposition evinced to do justice to the South. All parties see and admit the absolute necessity, as well as the propriety, of respecting the rights of that portion of the Union, and all, except a miserable batch of fanatics, are willing to perform their duty as citizens of a great confederation."

This is noble, not only true but just to the letter. But what does this mean? well may it be called a cloud. "A call for a mass-meeting of the friends of Fillmore made its appearance. This step the Whig press generally denounced as ill-timed, and stigmatized its agitators as factionists and disorganisers," the Whig press says this!

Can it be true! Call ye these Whigs? no such thing; they are Abolitionists at heart and grain, and so is Gen. Scott,—this is why they prefer him; in fact he would be anything for the office.

But these slanderers have a stronger motive. They know him to be a weak man, and should he, unfortunately for the country, be elected, they can have every thing their own way. How would such man govern a country; their own words condemn them.

Fillmore (as they call him) goes for the country, the whole country, and nothing but his country. He is a friend to the South as well as the North; the East and the West. He does not hold with the hare and run with the hounds. This so called 'Whig press' are supported by men who have an eye upon their own aggrandisement upon the downfall of the country. We blame no man for making a choice, depending as it does upon matters over which he has no control, as every honest man has; but not the same intellects but to slander and vilify the true friends of their country to carry out an infamous plot, in order to erect an absolute Tyrannical Church—Hierarchy, shows a base demociac principle. If they do not like Fillmore, can they not take the less of him, slandering him will make him no better. That cause cannot be a good one that cannot be effected without lying and fraud, and trampling their fellowman under foot.

☞ Decamped from these premises, B. F. ——, a tenant, with another man's coat upon his back. If said Coffee does not return the coat, he shall hear from the Huntress office. DEVIL.

☞ In the process of gold beating the metal is reduced to laminæ or leaves of a degree of tenuity which would appear fabulous, if we had not the stubborn evidence of common experience in the arts as its verification:

A pile of leaf gold to the height of an inch would contain 282,000 distinct leave of metal. The thickness, therefore, of each leaf is in this case the 282,000 h part of an inch. Nevertheless, such a leaf conceals the object which it is used to gild it moreover protects such objects from the action of external agents as effectually as though it were plated an inch thick.

[Scientific American.

A Cheap Disinfecting Agent.—A correspondent of the Cleveland Herald gives the following piece of intelligence, well worth remembering.

Heat a shovel not quite to redness, and then place upon it a teaspoonful of freshly burned coffee, and let it burn in a room where the air is impure. At first you will not perceive the peculiar odor of the coffee at all, in a few minutes however you will find that the room is filled with the smell of the coffee, and that every impurity of the atmosphere has been totally destroyed—not smothered. Let some of your scientific readers try it, where the air is peculiarly foul, and note the results and explain the *modus operandi* of the disenfecting process.

Remember, the shovel must be only so hot as to cause the coffee to burn with a copious white smoke, and the quantity indicated above may be needed. To the sick the odor of the coffee is peculiarly grateful.

Rapid Evaporation of Ice.—Every washe-woman knows by experience that when wet clothes are hung out in a cold, freezing day, they will soon become quite hard, then they will dry, and become very limber after being exposed for some time. This is owing to the rapid evaporation of ice. In the arctic regions the dryness of the atmosphere is remarkable. Wood, horn and ivory are shrivelled up.

☞ An idea of the trade of the Hudson river may be formed from the fact that the pilot of the steamer Reindeer, a short time since, counted between Albany and Kingston, a distance of only 40 miles, no less than 287 vessels.

A boy residing near Pittsburgh, who had been very deaf for years, recently received a kick from a horse which fractured his skull, since which time he hears as acutely as ordinary persons.

A Cement.—If you wish to refasten the loose handles of knives and forks, make your cement of common brick dust and losin, melted together. Seal engravers understand this recipe.

☞ The following is the postscript to an Irishman's letter:

'Dear Mike.

If you don't get this letter at all, write and let me know it, and I'll raise the devil with the post-master. And mind now ye don't pay a cint of the postage in advance, but wait till ye see the letter tuk safe from the office.

A PRECOCIOUS CHILD.

A short time since a juvenile offender was brought before one of the Glasgow bailies, who after reading a lecture to the lad, put the following interrogatory:

'Where did you learn so much wickedness?'

The youth, personifying innocence, with an inquiring look, replied—

'Do ye ken the pump-well in Glassford street?'

'No,' said the bailie,

'Weel, then, do ye ken the pump-well in the Briggate?'

'Oh, yes, said the bailie,

'Weel, then,' rejoined the accused, 'ye may gang there and pump as lang as ye like, for I'm hanged if ye pump me,'

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PROSPECTUS FOR "THE GLOBE."

THE CONGRESSIONAL NEWSPAPER.

THE APPROACH OF CONGRESS calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and discussions of the body on which the destiny of the Republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the GLOBE an official character as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties, has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celerity with which the letter writers for the distant press circulate through the telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress, renders more important than ever the full and exact official reports of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. The hasty, and in many instances ex parte, relations by telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part; the exact reports taken down by reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abbreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of colorings, take the run of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both Houses unmutilated. Indeed, no newspaper can give them, and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the telegraph administers to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and meets the necessities of the political press, by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports has been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfies curiosity; and it is almost in vain that truth puts on his boots to follow. Still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, willingly patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the Republic.

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I have a few copies of the back volumes of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX for sale at $5 a volume bound, which it is probable will be disposed of soon; and when they are, they will then, no doubt, command at least $10 a volume, as they cannot be reprinted for less than that sum. There are 25 back volumes.

TERMS.

For one copy of the DAILY GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - - - $5 00
For one copy of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - - 3 00
For one copy of the APPENDIX during the session 3 00

The money may be remitted by mail at my risk. Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par. Subscriptions should reach here by the 15th December, at furthest, to insure all the numbers.

The prices for these papers are so low that I cannot afford to credit them out; therefore no person need order them unless the money accompanies the order.

JOHN C. RIVES.

WASHINGTON CITY, October 17, 1851.

DR. M. B. MELN,

Office and residence on the Island, between 9 and 10th, South.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1852

SATURDAY EVENING POST

THE LEADING LITERARY WEEKLY OF THE UNION,

The proprietors of the Post think it unnecessary to dwell upon the distinguishing features of their well known weekly, whose brilliant success during an existence of thirty years is a sure guarantee for the future. We have the pleasure of announcing our permanent connection with that distinguished authoress,

OUR NOVELETS.

After the Novelette now in process of publication,

VIOLA,

Or Adventures in the far south west, by Emerson Bennett, we shall commence T. S. Arthur's original novelet, written expressly for the Post, called

TRIAL AND TRIUMPH.

which will be distinguished by the peculiar characteristics of that gentleman's pen.

After these are gone through, we shall be mistaken if our readers are not again ready for a new work by Mrs. Southworth, entitled

THE CURSE OF CLIFTON.

A tale of Expiation and Redemption.

What will come in the way of fiction after the above, we have not yet determined. We think the novelets mentioned a sufficiently rich bill of fare for the present.'

TERMS.

The terms to single subscribers are 2,00 dols per annum, in advance, 3,00, if not paid in advance. For five dollars in advance, one copy will be sent three years.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but misakingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent, in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post Office:

4 COPIES,		5 per annum
8 (And one to Agent, or gets up of the Club		10,00
13	do do	do 15,00
20	do do	do 20,00

DEACON & PETERSON, No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

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Letters and communications of every kind should be addressed Herald of the Union New York City.

NOTICE TO EDITORS.

☞ The Herald of the Union will be sent regularly to any Newspaper in the world which will publish the Prospectus on the first page. The editor will be grateful for any notice of the Herald of the Union which will have a tendency to increase its circulation.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

☞ It will be seen that two dollars is our subscription price, and that ten dollars sent free of postage, will entitle any person or club, to receive ten copies for the year.

☞ Postmasters in every State are invited to act as Agents, and the same offers are made to them which is extended to others.

☞ A few complete sets of back numbers for early applicants.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEED

For sale, Wholesale and Retail,

J. F. CALLAN'S

Drug store corner E 7, 8ts.

Among which may be found the following Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, broccell, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do, do. Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherfu, or Salad, Corn. Salad peppergras, cucumber late and early corn, early prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, excelent for soups, onions white red and silver, parsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pearl Pery early, and late pepper squash and other, pumpkins Radishes, vegatable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest quality, and all the onion setts &c.

HORN'S U. S. GAZETTE,

Containing Diagrams of various Railroads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, to which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order, hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting links of stages, steamboats, rates of fare, freight and tonnage, refreshment stations, &c. &c

S. HORN,

Editor and Proprietor.

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MAGNIFICENT ENGRAVINGS,

such as have never been offered by any newspaper in the world. They will comprise the following subjects, engraved in the highest style of the arts the store price of the largest being Five Dollars per copy.

	Size.
Surrender at Yorktown,	24 by 34 inches.
Apotheosis of Washington,	20 " 26 "
Eagle's Heroy Olay,	17 " 22 "
M'Donough's Victory,	20 " 26 "
United S. & Macedonian,	20 " 26 "

☞ The person subscribing or furnishing the club may select to suit himself.

☞ The Premiums will be subject to order—or, if we are desired to mail them, the postage must be furnished in advance, viz.; 25 cents under 500 miles, and 50 cents if over that distance.

THE PREMIUM TERMS,

The splendid Premiums will be offered and awarded by the following code of terms, to persons subscribing, and paying in advance, for the year 1852, or for the New Volume XXII., commencing March, 1852,

One copy American Courier and one Premium,	$2
Three copies " " "	5
Six copies " " "	10
Ten copies " " "	15
Fifteen copies " " "	20
Twenty copies " " "	25

The above terms will supercede the old in all future operations.

Members of old Clubs are perfectly eligible to the offers to new ones, when they renew Clubs, and to claim premiums, all dues must be paid in full directly into the office, and not to an agent or third person.

Postmasters or others sending for Clubs confer a favor by having them sent to one address; when they can do so conveniently.

☞ The Literary arrangements for the future will include continuation of Letters and Tales by Kate Conyngham—a new Novelette by the author of 'Nobody's Son,' one by Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz, together with Original Nouvellettes, Tales, Sketches, &c. from the most popular writers of the day.

All orders must be addressed post paid to

ANDREW M'MAKIN,

No. 141 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE CHRISTIAN STATESMAN

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

The undersigned propose to publish in the city of Washington a weekly newspaper, bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African colonization and civilization, and to all topics of a high and general interest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the people and Governments of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent, the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the geography, exploration, resources, commerce, and population of Africa; the state of the slave trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all Christian denominations in efforts to diffuse the knowledge of our sacred liberty, and Christianity among the barbarous people of that continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

The Christian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer or the Union of this city; and, with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

It will be printed with new type, on fine white paper, and in mechanical execution be equal to the best newspapers in the country.

TERMS.

The Christian Statesman will be two dollars a year, payable in advance.

Single copy for six months	1 00
Three copies for year	5 00
Six copies for one year	10 00
Twenty copies for one year	30 00
Twenty copies for six months	15 00

R. R. GURLEY.
D. R. GOODLOE.

THE ATLAS,

PUBLISED WEEKLY

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau streets)

between Beekman and Ann street

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, Two dollar per annum, invariable in advance; paper is continued longer than paid nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsbug, Brooklyn, Jersy city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

To do, paid within three months	1,00
If paid until the end of the year,	1,50

Whitney and Dunn

CARVALHO'S GALLERY

Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street a penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY Fine arts, No. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best to make Daguerreotypes of grown ons.

TOWNSEND' SARSPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

s put in quart bottles. It s six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervous energy.
50,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c, together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of New York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market

P H Pulling M D. R B Briggs M D. P E Elmendorf M D.

Albany, April 1 1846.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island,

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsendi—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed in my practice cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,
C. S Prestin M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obscinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847.

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A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

The undersigned propose to publish in the city of Washing a weekly newspaper, bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African colonization and civilization, and to all topics of a high and general Werest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the people and Governments of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent, the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the geography, exploration, resources, commerce, and population of Africa; the state of the slave trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all Christian denominations in efforts to diffuse the knowledge of our and liberty, and Christianity among the barbarous people of that continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

The Christian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer or the Union of this city; and, with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

It will be printed with new type, on fine white paper, and in mechanical execution be equal to the best newspapers in the country.

TERMS.

The Christian Statesman will be two dollars a year, payable in advance.

Single copy for six months	1 00
Three copies for year	5 00
Six copies for one year	10 00
Twenty copies for one year	30 00
Twenty copies for six months	15 00

R. R. GURLEY.
D. R. GOODLOE.

THE ATLAS,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street,

between Beekman and Ann street,

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, Two dollar per annum, invariable in advance paper is continued longer than paid nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsbug, Brooklyn, Jersy city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

To do, paid within three months $1.00
If paid until the end of the year, 1,50

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Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY Fine arts, No. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best to make Daguerreotypes of grown ons.

TOWNSEND' SARSPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

s put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debiliating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sasaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15,000 CURES

THIS YEAR

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of gneneral debility and want of Nervous energy.

50,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz;

Ulcers, scrofula erysipelas salt rheum pimples on the face &c. together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van, Buskirk Esq, one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed D. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market

P H Pulling M D. R B Briggs M D. P E Elmendorf M D.

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island,

Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend:—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed. in sP R tract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arrising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c, it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,
C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847.